

FIRST LAYMEN'S BANQUET WAS GREAT SUCCESS

**Over 100 Men Turn Out and
Stay to Finish—Four Speak-
ers Give Excellent Ad-
dresses—Fine Dinner Pro-
vided.**

To use the words of the four speakers who were here from outside points, the Laymen's Missionary Banquet, which was held here last Monday evening was the best held so far in Southern Alberta. There were about one hundred and twenty-five men present, and so interested were they in the addresses after the supper that none left till after the singing of the National Anthem.

After all had partaken of an excellent dinner prepared by Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Reid, Mr. Ardinger, who acted as chairman, called the banquet to order, and after explaining the object of the gathering called on the speakers of the evening.

Dr. McKay, of Toronto, was the first speaker. Before starting on his subject he complimented these instrumental in getting up the banquet on its great success, and said it spoke well for the town. He was greatly interested with Redcliff's development, and said it had an elegant location for a town site. He advised those present not to be surprised because of the great depression, because such a condition allowed us to get to the bottom of things and make a fresh start, profiting by their experience. The Laymen's Missionary movement had made wonderful progress, and if it had done nothing else it had done one good thing by bringing all the different churches near together in one common work.

This movement, the laymen, had promised to provide funds if the churches and colleges would provide the men to spread the gospel. At the time the laymen's movement was started there were one thousand million people who had not heard the gospel. A combined effort was made by all Christian churches to reach these people and Canada assumed responsibility for 40 million of them. This number was then divided among the different denominations, and each took 14 million. In a most interesting manner he reviewed the work done during the lifetime of one person. At the beginning of the present century but one hundred foreign missionaries, today there are 20,000. There are also at the present time 200,000 and 1150 hospitals in foreign lands, the latter treating over eighty million patients last year. Only seven million thousand dollars was given by all churches, while there are over 30 million dollars given for that purpose. The speaker had been in China and India in connection with missionary work, and in a most interesting manner gave an account of the habits and customs of the people, and the natural resources and physical features of the countries. In speaking of the present efforts, he said that so far it had not affected missions. He felt that like other wars, this one would be successful and bring blessings. In conclusion he advised his hearers not to weaken, withdraw or economize in the work of the Lord.

Mr. Shaw, of Montreal, was the second speaker in connection with the Presbyterian church in Alberta, was the next speaker. He gave a most interesting subject, the last verse of the 15th chapter of Corinthians: Therefore, my beloved brethren, be ever ready, movable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, etc. Following along these lines he preached a most appropriate sermon.

Mr. Rose, of Toronto, secretary of the Laymen's Missionary Movement, for Canada, gave a most interesting account of the work, aims and objects since its organization. The motto of the movement is: "The evangelization of the world in this generation." This did not refer to any particular part of the world, and as much to Canada as any other place. He pointed out the number of foreigners already in Canada and predicted that at the close of the present century there would be a stream of immigrants to Canada from all parts of the world that would surpass our most sanguine expectations. This meant that the time was now at hand to get together our forces to prepare for that time, as we

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

REDCLIFF, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1914

AUDITORS SAY TOWN IN GOOD CONDITION

**Redcliff is in Much Better
Financially Than Surround-
ing Towns and Cities—
Many Taxes Unpaid**

H. E. Howard, who has been for the past few weeks auditing the town books for the W. A. Henderson company, chartered accountants, informs us that at the present time Redcliff is in a very satisfactory financial condition, and in much better shape than any of the surrounding towns and cities for which this firm is auditors.

The revenue account for the current period shows a surplus of \$48,000.00. The cause of the surplus is because since the estimates were struck and the tax rate set the council has cut down expenses and postponed certain projects because of the financial stringency of the past year.

The amount of unpaid defences is more than covered all current liabilities and if back taxes were all paid up the town would be in excellent condition. At present, however, it is \$111,000.00 of taxes unpaid. Of this \$83,393.89 are on this year's taxes and the balance carried over from last year.

The auditors state that the ratepayers should make a special effort to pay up the taxes. It would be very wise for the council in carrying on the work, and would in the end be a big saving to the town. Besides, it would be the town's responsibility with necessary work, and thus furnish employment, to men who are out of work.

CONSECRATION OF ENGLISH CHURCH

On Thursday, Dec. 2nd, the new church to be opened by the Lord Bishop of Qu'Appelle. The arrangements are as follows: At 10 o'clock the First United Church flag, kindly presented to the church by the members of the White Rose degree of the Order of the Royal Canadian Legion, will be formally hoisted and unfurled by the president, attended by the members of the lodge.

At 1:30 the consecration, opening and opening of the church will take place, also the induction of the Rev. J. H. Macdonald, rector, by the Lord Bishop of Qu'Appelle. After the service the Boy Scouts will form a guard of honor to the Bishop and escort him to the reception at Reid's Hall.

At 5 p. m. a reception will be held in Reid's Hall, where a large number will be given to the Bishop by the mayor and civic authorities. The reception will be followed by a dance for which good music has been obtained. Tickets for the whole evening, including supper, will be 25c each.

NEW REGULATIONS REGARDING VOTERS

Returning officers in municipal elections throughout Canada will have a new duty to perform and it will probably be the first instance in the history of Canada when certain men whose names appear on the voters list will not be allowed to cast their ballots.

There are many residents of German, Austrian and Turkish nationality, who are not naturalized Canadian citizens, and such, under the new regulations, have no rights. While their names may appear on the municipal voters' lists as occupants of property they will be the duty of the deputy returning officers to prevent their voting which they make an effort to do. To that it will be necessary to swear all voters of foreign nationality whether they be naturalized or not.

British Battleship Bulwark is Sunk

As the British battleship Bulwark was lying off Sherness there occurred a terrible explosion, which completely destroyed the ship. Of the crew of 700 or 800 men who were aboard at the time, only four were saved. The cause of the explosion is not known for a certainty, but it is believed that it occurred in her forward magazine, which was by accident or design a question to be determined by the commission which has been appointed to investigate the affair.

WILL MAKE START ON REDCLIFF MARKET

**Council Appoint Committee
to Investigate—Two More
Lots Presented to Town
for Market**

The town council held a very quiet session at the regular meeting last Monday evening.

At the previous meeting the auditors drew the attention of the council to the fact that a number of accounts for water rates were being carried over from time to time, and as the people owing these accounts had been notified, it was suggested that they be written off in order to simplify the bookkeeping. The water committee went into the matter and recommended that \$160.00 for these accounts be written off. This was supported by the council.

The Redcliff Realty Co. wrote the council offering to give two more lots for market purposes in addition to the ones already donated. The two additional lots will make it possible to have an entrance to the market from both the north and the south of S. E. This generous offer was accepted by the council.

Comptroller McLachlan and Engineer Aschewitz were appointed a committee to look into the matter of establishing a market, and as what it would cost to provide the necessary accommodation for a start in establishing a regular market.

The council also intends starting a skating rink in town this winter, asked the council for water rates for the month of January. The council agreed to furnish water for the skating rink, would stand the expense of extra connections.

After adjourning the Mayor reminded the councillors of the annual meeting, and asked the chairman of the executive committee to have their reports ready.

RUSSIANS DRIVING GERMANS BACK

According to latest reports the Russians are still driving the Germans back in Poland, and it is estimated that the enemy has lost one of its most effective forces.

Communication between the Austrian and German armies is declared to have been definitely broken off. The Austrians are marching on Breslau, Posen and with great rapidity.

The despatch says that the Austro-German defeat is assuming colossal proportions and will undoubtedly prove one of the decisive factors.

Except for artillery fighting the battle in the west remains virtually at a standstill although both sides claim to have made some progress. There is no indication where the next German blow is to be struck in their attempt to reach the French coast.

Lord Kitchener in the house of lords declared that all the gaps in the British army which for a long time had fought against great odds, now had been filled and that both British and French reinforcements had reached the front. While Lord Kitchener expressed confidence in the results of the winter campaign, the 100,000 recruits were joining the British army each week he warned the public that still more men would be required.

Structural engineers and bridge builders are being requested to start at once to repair work in Belgium. This is assumed in authoritative quarters to be an undoubted evidence of the favorable position of the allied troops along the entire battle front in the west. A general advance by the Allies is looked for.

That Italy still find a cause belli against Austria before long and pour her own troops into the battle on the allied side, is in the general belief as a result of the latest developments in Rome.

Concurrent with this is a belief that the war will end much sooner than had been generally predicted.

LOCAL POET ADDS TO TIPPERARY

Mayor Bott, of this town, has composed the following two verses to be sung with "It's a Long Way to Tipperary."

Now Paddy, holding Molly of all on earth most dear,
Was off to hand a jolt to Mike Money in the ear;
Troops were mustering everywhere, he found the deed was square,
Then he wrote his sweetheart, saying I must do my share.

So he's side by side with Tommy Atkins, Scot and Jack Canuck, Russian, Jap and Gurkha, piling Germans in a ruck;
Belgium will build up again, secure from the foe,
And Paddy will be back to greet his Irish Molly O.

Another Singing for Northern Hotel

About three o'clock last Wednesday morning the fire whistle awakened one citizen from their slumbers, who on being aroused, discovered that the Northern Hotel was all ablaze.

Although the hotel has not been occupied for the past three months it is the second fire in it since that time. When the flames were first noticed on this occasion by a boarder at the Paxton Hotel, the whole upper story was ablaze, and although it got away to a good start, the prompt arrival of the fire department and the brigade once more saved it from total destruction. The flames had gained such headway, however, that all the top story was burned and just enough of the main building is left for another small fire to make it a total wreck. If Mr. Mann is a mystery, and there has been no one living in it and there has not been a light or fire of any kind in it for some time. It looks very much like a case of incendiarism.

Mr. Mann, the owner of the building, lived in a small house behind the hotel, and was awakened by the bright light and crackling of flames. He rushed to the hotel and found the fire had started since the first fire, and at present only had \$2,000 insurance on the building and contents.

TWO GERMAN BOATS SUNK

The secretary of the admiralty announced that the German submarine boat U18, which was reported off the coast of Scotland, was rammed by a British patrol vessel and foundered last Monday.

The submarine boat U18 of the German navy was built in 1912. She had a cruising radius of 2,000 miles and a speed of 14 knots above water and eight knots submerged.

The patroling ship rammed the submarine at 12:30. The U18 was not seen again until 1:30 when she appeared on the surface flying a German ensign. She was then sighted and shot at by the British destroyer.

The destroyer rescued three officers and 23 of the submarine's crew, only one being drowned.

The names of the German officers captured are Captain Lieut. Von Hennig, Engineer Lieut. Springer, and Lieut. Neuberg.

A despatch from Copenhagen says that the crew of the S124 has arrived in Copenhagen.

The German torpedo boat destroyer S124 was built in 1908. She was 2,500 horsepower and had a speed of 28 knots. She carried a crew of 60 men.

PORTUGAL WILL HELP THE ALLIES

A despatch from Lisbon says that the Portuguese congress decided that Portugal would co-operate with the Allies when it considered the step necessary. The minister of war will issue a decree for partial mobilization.

MEETING HELD TO DISCUSS NIGHT CLASSES

**Good Turnout but Few Sign
for Classes—Lists Still
Open and Those Deserv-
ing May Yet Join—Meet
Again Next Monday.**

Over forty young men and ladies attended the meeting held in the school Wednesday evening for the purpose of discussing the advisability of organizing night schools to take up technical education.

Truist Nelson occupied the chair and after explaining the object of the meeting, left it open for discussion.

Several spoke in favor of the movement, pointing out the advantages to be gained by the young people during the long winter evenings. Mr. Nelson required each speaker to give the subjects proposed to take on the first night classes.

Mr. Robt. Hamilton offered to take charge of the music, and Mr. F. H. Ward of the drafting class.

Several present signified their desire to join one of the classes mentioned, and in order that some idea might be gained as to what the classes would be like, a collection of names was passed around for signatures.

A number of those present did not sign, but those who intended joining the different classes, were unable to be present on that occasion, so it was decided to hold the late open till next Monday evening to give any who might desire another opportunity to do so. The lists will be ready on Monday.

Mr. Hamilton will also have the list for the music class, and Mr. H. Ward for the drafting class. At 8 o'clock the lists will be ready, and the meeting can be started, and would advise all contemplating taking up any of the courses to get in their names at once, as the scheme will be abandoned entirely if the required number is not secured before Monday night.

If there are any who wish to take up other subjects than those mentioned above, such as general English, mathematics, etc., and can get the necessary number 8, it may be possible to start such a class.

Another meeting will be held in the school next Monday evening at eight o'clock, when the classes will be formed, and a list of meeting selected. This is, of course, provided the required number join the different classes.

The first night classes will be held on that occasion. Either the classes will be formed or the idea abandoned entirely. The decision will be reached on that occasion. It is a very large one, as almost every corner of it was represented there was a large crowd of students.

Nelson Spencer is Conservative Choice

At the Conservative convention held in Medicine Hat yesterday, Nelson Spencer, the present member of the local legislature for Medicine Hat constituency, was selected as candidate for this riding in the next federal election. The new constituency will be Medicine Hat, a very large one, as almost every corner of it was represented there was a large crowd of students.

The annual meeting of the association was held at the same time, and the following officers were elected:

1st Vice-President—W. D. Stacey, of Aradville Valley.
2nd Vice-President—Sam Cruickshank.
3rd Vice-President—J. Rodgers, of Glenham.
Secretary—Treasurer—H. B. Davidson.

The executive committee will consist of a number of local organizations throughout the constituency.

The greatest loan in England's history, \$1,750,000,000, has been successfully floated by the Bank of England, both large and small investors are awaiting the announcements by the chancellor of the exchequer as to the details of the subscription with the belief that they will exceed considerably the amount of the loan.

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THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

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Ed. L. STON, Editor
Subscription - \$1.50 Per Year
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FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1914

THE BY-LAWS

Next Friday, which of December, the ratemakers of the town will be called upon to vote on three by-laws. One of these by-laws is for \$5,000.00 for street grading, another for \$2,300.00 purchasing tools, and a third for \$2,900.00 for purchasing and maintaining an industrial spur track.

It will be remembered, that some time ago by-laws for much larger amounts than those above stated were submitted to the ratemakers and all were carried by large majorities. In these by-laws provisions were made for all three of the expenditures and work above referred to, but since the by-laws were passed the condition of the money market was such that it was impossible to sell debentures satisfactorily, and more especially as they were for large amounts.

Having the debentures would eventually be sold the council went ahead and did the most important and necessary work. As our readers already know they have not yet been sold and the work is already done. Now prospects are more promising for disposing of debentures of smaller size, and to put themselves in a position to pay for the expenditures already made and spreading it over a term of years the council have decided to submit the three by-laws.

The first, this for \$5,000 for street grading is for work already done and for more to be done on our streets. The next for \$2,300.00 is for work which was included in the by-law for city hall and fire station. The other of \$2,900.00 for industrial spur track. This is for the spur track previously owned by the Clay Products Company and carried with it the right of way through the company's property to the eastern industrial site, at any time the town may see fit to extend the spur. This right of way is practically the only one in which this industrial section could be conveniently reached.

In most towns and cities little attention is paid to voting on by-laws, and it is generally the case that those who have least attention to the voting are the first to find fault and criticize the matter when they are passed by the burgesses.

On this occasion we trust there will be a good vote polled and that all the by-laws will be carried with big majorities.

FOOLISH ARGUMENT

A clergyman in Calgary, we have forgotten his name, for the moment, in his lecture in that city the other evening, said in effect that prohibition legislation interfered with a man's liberty, and that to remove temptation from a man weakened rather than strengthened him.

It is such arguments as these used on both sides of the temperance question that have a tendency to make a farce of it, and cause such a large number of people to go in for the whole thing as more or less of a joke.

As well say that the law against furious auto driving or crowded thoroughfares, jeopardizing human lives, interfere with a man's liberty, because there are some fools who would do it if there were no law against it. It would be just as reasonable to say it is interfering with a man's liberty and freedom rather than strengthening him, to have laws across level crossings for the protection of human life, just because it prevents some foolhardy individuals from trying to beat a moving train to it.

In fact the same could be said about almost all the laws on our statute books.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

We hear and read a great deal these days about the great opportunity for industrial development that is now Canada's as a result of the present war.

Statesmen, politicians, presidents of railroads, banks and other institutions, in fact almost anybody who wants to get his name in the papers, have been working this industrial development stunt overtime in the hope of capturing the trade that is the past has been going to Germany and Austria.

As we have said in these columns on several occasions in the past it is absolutely necessary to have something more than talk in order to take advantage of our present opportunities.

In dealing with this matter on other occasions we were concerned more with the financial side of the question, pointing out that industries already in operation were experiencing great difficulty in keeping the wheels in motion because of the money stringency, and suggesting that the governments should let the railroads have their own row for a few years and guarantee the bonds of industries instead.

On this occasion, however, we have new ground for complaint, which brings us nearer home and places the blame for our complaint on the heads of the ratemakers who have been sudent in their speech-making advocacy for industrial development.

The outbreak of the war created a demand for motor trucks to be used for transportation purposes. Not only were these required for the Canadian continent but both the British and French governments needed additional trucks, more than could be provided in the specified time in their own countries. We read in both Canadian and American papers that orders, running up into millions of dollars, were placed in New York and Chicago for these trucks.

If Canada had no factories turning out these trucks there is no place we would sooner see such orders placed than with our cousins across the border. But Canada has motor truck factories, and one of them is right here in Redcliff. At the factory here they are turning out trucks of a ton and a half and two ton capacity, the very same kind and capacity as are on order now in the States for the British and French governments.

As a number of orders for trucks from this factory were cancelled this year owing to money tightness this factory has \$30,000.00 worth on hand ready to ship on a moment's notice, could have as many more ready in a short time.

If the department of trade and commerce at Ottawa were trying to take advantage of this opportunity to develop industry in Western Canada, the motor truck factory here would be working night and day with a full complement of men turning out trucks for use in the present war.

If something along this line is not done and done up here is compelled to think that their industrial development business "ain't nothin' but talk."

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

In these days when our towns and cities have little money to spend, one hears much of the necessity of electing capable men to occupy the positions of mayor and aldermen. Those who serve the ratemakers should, above all things, be experienced and capable in the discharge of business. But it seems strange that the necessity of electing such men on every level crossings for the protection of human life, just because it prevents some foolhardy individuals from trying to beat a moving train to it.

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1914

British General

Explains Censorship

General Staff-Edinburgh in addressing his men, said: "You must know, gallant the men, how splendid the stand made, you hear something about it. I will briefly explain why."

"We are fighting the most serious war that has ever taken place against highly trained and very much better trained staffs. If we were to publish the fact that the West Kent regiment made a gallant stand or had done a certain thing at a certain place, the enemy would at once say: 'Why, that's the second or third brigade, and so-and-so division,' and thus locate us."

"It is absolutely necessary to keep everything important from getting into the papers—the gallant deeds, how perfect and what such and such a regiment did."

"That is why our men hasten to go on performing these deeds without their relatives knowing anything about them. I hope you understand, but it is very gallant to you to go on as you do day after day and your folks at home not to know anything about it, but the records of performances are kept, and, when the time comes, they will be published."

"Things are going extremely well. We have had heavy fighting, but still hope that the fighting will get less and less hard, because in time I think, the Germans will realize that they are up against a brick wall. They may laugh, but that is in a false description. We are increasing our strength, and have reinforcements coming up. So have the French."

"The object of the Germans was to break the power of the British. They hoped to win us out and take Calais, Paris and Havre, but they have failed. 'Rhinis has attained tremendous success. She has driven back the Germans in northeast Prussia, Poland and the Austrian frontier, and the situation is as favorable as it possibly can be."

"The Russian army is rolling along, and the longer we can resist hold out, the better we are going to win, and we shall win so long as we have the help of battalions such as yours."

JAPANESE LADIES

COURTESY TO GERMANS

The husband and fifty German army-grown girls, the Germans captured in the Japanese.

"Two Japanese ladies graciously presented a bouquet of flowers to them with greetings in the German language. The prisoners, weary and travel-worn, were touched by the unusual courtesy of the act. The detainees, who are prisoners taken place in suburbs of the city to avoid any untoward incidents. The prisoners were loaded on cars and taken to a house where they were informed."

DER KAISER UND DER CROWN PRINCE

(By F. M. M.)

Der Kaiser said the Crown Prince in his way to him "Mein Sohn, I think we go and look the world, do get us lots of fun."

Der Crown Prince said "Perhaps we Der Kaiser schlag der table. Und say, 'If I would like the world, by Gott, Mein Sohn, I'm able."

Der Frechenheit, was it time to us? I crash dem mit my thumb. In fast von vork in 'Pars' stevens. You hear mein Deutscher's drum."

Ma che sia von treasies, I show! Der dalgians who I am. I yout like Teddy Roosevelt's Kid, Mein word ain't worth a taum."

I come right back from Paris quick. Und tuckie then der Cesar, but he say against me, I am not. Vor fighting men you are—"

Und little George of Mecklenburg, I turn him on my knee. Und spank him on his criss out loud, 'Ach, Kaiser, pardon me."

I take from him his fighting schippe. Und trun dem into yank, I take him die his mine, Von all his schippe is sunk."

Und U der Yankies giff me caas, I go right over there. Und tear their whole taum country up. I vill, by Gott, I schwanz."

Der yellow Japs dat talk so big, I come down, I come down, I come down. I make dem der Planet Mars On top of dem has fall."

Way, you don't know me yet, mein boy, You never seen me fight, But I never say dat I am not. In vich I take delight."

THOSE FOOLISH MULES.

A regiment of soldiers encamped near a city had their material wants ministered to by the farmers of the community. One day a green looking farmer boy brought into camp a mule and of farm produce. He sold to the soldiers. The soldier boys, thinking to have some good sport with the country boy, had the soldier's hand suddenly bring forth with a stirring air near the farm wagon, planning with him, fire and horns to stampede the mules and then enjoy the sight. The mules were greatly interested, and roared wildly, threatening every moment to run away. The farm lad rushed to their heads, grabbed the bridle and endeavored to hold them down and quiet their fears, all the time saying, "Whoo, now, whoo!" The soldiers teasingly asked the boy why he spoke thus to the mules and why he held them so tightly. The boy replied, "I—I—I—I—I'm afraid the damned fool things will eat."

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1 lb. Beans or 2 cans Corn, Peas, or 2 pkgs. Dates 25c
3 lbs. Black Tea or 3 lbs. Fancy Coffee 30c
1 lb. Raisins, 1 can Applesauce or 1 bottle Mixed Pickles 25c
1 can Strawberry Jam or 1 large bottle Flavouring Extract 25c
1 sack Corn Meal, Rolled Oats or 2 lbs. Fancy Macaroni 45c
1 lb. Pot Herbs, Beans or 2 bars Taro Soap 25c
3 pkgs. Corn Flakes, 1 lb. Mixed Peas or 2 lbs. Currants 30c
1 doz. Lemons, 1 can Sliced Peaches or 3 pkgs. Pancake Flour 35c
Total for all unchanged \$5.00

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If your child is under-weight, listless, nervous, and does not seem to get medicine to build its weight and strength. The children of the world know that we can so strongly endorse the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This splendid medicine is due to the fact that it contains ingredients that tone the nerves, enrich the blood and furnish to the entire system the strength, health and health-building elements it needs. And, it does this without injuring the stomach. In fact, the medicine is not only pleasant to take, but even gives the patient a positive stimulus to eat, and, in the digestion improved. On the other hand, it contains no harmful or drug-giving elements. It does not give your child any of the bad effects of the medicine, which most parents object to giving their children. It does not give your child any of the bad effects of the medicine, which most parents object to giving their children. It does not give your child any of the bad effects of the medicine, which most parents object to giving their children.

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DR. E. W. BROWN

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

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The Peace Centenary and the War

Should the Hundred Years of Peace celebration between Canada and the United States and between Great Britain and the United States be abandoned because of the war? This question has evoked a considerable amount of discussion both in Canada and the United States. In a circular just issued by the Canadian Peace Centenary Association the answer is given. The Association took the wise course of consulting the executives of the British and American organizations and of requesting the opinion of a large number of leading men throughout Canada.

At a meeting held in Ottawa on August 19 last, the following resolution was passed:

"That the Association desires to record its opinion that, notwithstanding the present war there should be an appropriate celebration commemorative of the Hundred Years of Peace between the British Empire and the United States. The Association recognizes, however, that having regard for the very serious nature of events arising out of the war, it would be inexpedient to attempt at present, definite arrangements as to time and place for a celebration of an international character." With this exception it is decided that the Association proceed with its educational and other work as far as may be possible.

At this meeting letters were read from Sir Robert Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier. One sentence of Sir Robert Borden's letter expresses his view clearly—"The project of marking in an appropriate manner the completion of a century of peace between the British Empire and the United States ought surely to command the widest sympathy. That a terrible storm of war now sweeping Europe, the ravages of which reach even to the shores of this continent, brings into clearer relief the more excellent way which these two great powers have found and followed." Sir Wilfrid Laurier is equally emphatic: "I am certainly of the opinion that the celebration should not be interfered with by the war. On the contrary, at this moment more than ever, it would be advisable that the American people and the Canadian people should give an example to the world of their unflinching and determined desire to maintain peace."

The Chairman of the American



TAKING HIS DOPE

Wilhelm is putting up an aw full struggle, but he has to take his medicine just the same.

Committee wrote after conferring with his colleagues:—

"If there was reason for holding a celebration over the historic fact of a century of peace, there is doubly the reason for celebrating peace in the light of the awful war in which Europe is engaged."

The New York "Times" asked editorially, "Why should the project to celebrate a century of peace, between the two branches of the English-speaking race be deferred on account of the war in Europe, in which one of them is involved?" And continued, "It will be all the more appropriate that we and our British brothers shall call the attention of the world to the wonderful benefits that have followed the long uninterrupted reign of peace between us, and, so far as may be, to its causes."

Canada to Raise

Additional Troops

The government's decision to increase from 38,000 to 58,000 the number of men under arms in Canada, to send forward successive contingents as quickly as they can be taken care of and to promptly fill up with recruits

the vacancies caused by the despatch of these forces abroad, carries out the wishes of the authorities of the war office.

The department of militia has not yet considered any general details in connection with the increased establishments. Where the extra regiments will be raised will depend in a considerable degree, upon the progress reported in recruiting at the

different centres, but the belief is that the enrollment will be more especially in the west and in Ontario.

It is estimated that the decision to so greatly increase the forces to be maintained under arms will mean a reversal in the spring to the plan of mobilization camps. These would be at Valcartier and Petawawa both of which are now well equipped with all the needed accessories, including ranges.

To Reduce Our Stock We Offer You
GAS HEATING STOVES
and **GAS RANGES**
Absolutely at
COST PRICES
Our Stock Is Complete

Sherwin-Nicholson
HARDWARE Co. Phone 56

LORD ROBERTS LAID TO REST WITH BRITAIN'S FAMOUS

The body of Field Marshal Lord Roberts, borne on a gun-carriage, moved slowly through the streets of London to its last resting place in St. Paul's cathedral.

The streets were lined with troops while hundreds of thousands of civil-

ians stood with bared heads in a cold rain while the funeral cortege went by.

The cortege reached St. Paul's at noon where the funeral services were held before a reverent throng, including King George. The body will be interred alongside the remains of Wellington, Nelson, Wolfe and other famous Britons.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Authorized	\$10,000,000
Capital paid up	\$7,000,000
Reserve	\$7,000,000
Total assets	\$70,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO

D. H. WILKIE, President : : HON. ROBT. JAFFRAY, Vice-Pres

SAVINGS ACCOUNT

Deposits of \$1 and upward received and interest allowed from date of deposit

DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS BOUGHT AND SOLD

B. E. HOWARD, Manager - - - Redcliff Branch

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXCURSIONS TO EASTERN CANADA AND UNITED STATES

On sale Dec. 1st to Dec. 31st, 1914.
THREE MONTHS LIMIT

VERY LOW FARES to Toronto, Hamilton, Sarnia, Windsor, Montreal, Ottawa, Belleville, Kingston, St. John, Moncton, Halifax, and all other points in Ontario, Quebec and Maritime Provinces.

REDUCED RATES to points in Central States, including Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Chicago, Kansas City and other points.

CHEAP RAIL FARES IN CONNECTION WITH TRANS-ATLANTIC ASSAGES. RETURN LIMIT 5 MONTHS.

All further information from any Ticket Agent, of R. DAWSON,
District Passenger Agent, Calgary.

IN REALIZATION OF THE "MADE-IN-CANADA" IDEA

REDCLIFF

offers to manufacturers in every line
an unparalleled opportunity

For particulars re Free Site, Power and Water
Rates, write B. J. BOTT, Mayor.

SOME NEW LIGHT ON OLD SUBJECTS

Conditions Created by the War Have Caused Changes in Policy and Methods of Business

A Canadian editor, who has never put very much stock in the "Made-in-Canada" appeal, and has always inclined to low tariff views, now sees the question in a different light as witness the following paragraphs from a strong editorial on the subject a few weeks ago.

"We have never been very strong 'apologists for the 'Made-in-Canada' idea because we have never been very strong believers in mixing sentimentalism and business," says Macdonald. "I believe that the Canadian manufacturer who is compelled to make his goods up to a certain standard or fails to get the business, is much more likely to be successful in the end than the manufacturer who has so strong a sentimental hold on the people of the country that he can sell what he produces even if the quality is not of the best. We have met a good many manufacturers who hold that view, but who, naturally, are wanting to use every legitimate device, as long as it is not dishonest, to increase their sales, are not disposed to impute very much practical help to the 'Made-in-Canada' propaganda which was started some time ago."

"We think, however, that the present is a time when we can look at this question through different spectacles. The times to-day are not normal; they are such as we have never seen before and we should hope never see again. They are such that we should prompt every Canadian to lend a helping hand to every other Canadian, and in doing this help not only Canada, but the Empire at large. While it is important that we should be united in our efforts, it is also possible, of both money and men, to aid the Empire. It is also important that we should do all we can to look after our own people, and we cannot do this in any better way than by being united with the British Empire. The war is over then, and we come back to old time conditions. It is the duty of every Canadian citizen to aid, in whatever way he can, the production of goods by Canadian factories and the employment of Canadian labour. "Made-in-Canada" slogan! It is now."

MADE IN GERMANY
HELPED THE G

**Renewed Interest in the Cry—Com-
mandments Distributed by the
Chamber of Commerce**

Many Canadians have in the past been inclined to scoff at the "Made-In-Canada" appeals which have been launched by Canadian manufacturers.

and have expressed doubt as to their effectiveness in achieving the objectives desired. No doubt, when Germans commenced their persistent advocacy of the "Made-in-Germany" idea, they, too, had to contend with those who belittled their efforts. With characteristic tenacity, however, they stuck to their guns, with the result that "Made-in-Germany" has become one of the most powerful commercial appeals in the world. Most Germans know the Ten Commercial Commandments, which appear below, almost as well as the decalogue handed down by Moses.

1. In an expensive race to mind the interests of your own compatriots.
2. Never forget that when you buy foreign articles your own country is poorer.
3. Your money should profit no one but the German.
4. Buy only German products from German factories or using foreign machinery.
5. Never allow foreign establishments to be served at your table.
6. Buy German paper with the German pen, and use German Blottins paper.
7. Buy German flour, eat German fruit, and drink German beverages. They alone give your body the true German energy.
8. Buy only that which the German may buy, coffee, drink coffee from the German colonies.
9. Buy only German clothes, to your dress and German hats for your head.
10. Let no foreign factory distract you from these precepts, and be truly convinced that whatever other may say, German products are the only ones that the citizen of the German Fatherland can use.

If the words Germany and German are changed to Canada and Canadian, the foregoing Commandments are applicable to every individual in Canada, and should be adopted by him in his daily life, particularly under present conditions. Bear them in mind the next time you go into the corner store to make a purchase.

GERMAN CATCHING MADE EASY

The following description of the "capture" of eleven fully armed Germans by two unarmed British soldiers is given by a motor-car driver at the front:—

During my run into headquarters we pass at various intervals German prisoners being taken back to — and I have yet to see a man looking downhearted at his prospects, but in this particular instance I'll admit it took the biscuit.

On rounding a bend in the road we nearly ran into a transport motor-torry driven by two A.S.C. men, one at the wheel the other sitting calmly alongside, apparently enjoying his ride, neither armed, which would be perfectly all right had not the inside of theorry been filled with eleven fully armed Germans. Being under the impression that they were being forced to drive the Germans to some place against their will, I cranked out my brakes and made a grab for my rate, but was astounded to hear the driver call out, "All right ——" put it down; everything's O.K."

Well, one expects to meet with surprises on active service; but who would have acted different? Anyhow I did not let go of my rifle, for he is my best pal; anyone trying to injure me, why he'd kill 'em; so where I go, he goes.

The "passengers" immediately started boozing, but even had I understood their language I should not have known what they wanted, for I did not know enough Russian to talk more than his comrade. Holding up my hand for silence I questioned the driver concerning his "taxes." This is the story in his own words, as far as it goes:

"We were told that the taxes are now safely under protection, and are at least certain of their food!"

"Well, me and my mate was the last of a convoy, and turning a bend we were met by a ditch. The course stopped the engine, and although I yelled to the lorry in front he didn't hear us. We had to get some hay from a field close by to lay in the way, so that the wheels would get caught in it."

"I gripped the wheel and waited until there was this crowd who had come out of the wood. Well, we didn't even have a catapult between us, and the only thing was 'hands up' if you can say that in Russian."

"Well—we were not armed."

he hands his rifle to another and came up, and in fairly good English says:

ly, and I fairly good English nearly paralyzed us. He said: 'No fight want food, look!' and produced a bit of bread which must have been in his pocket a week. I went to the lorry, and from under the seat took some biscuits and two tins of bully beef, then you should have seen them fight Lumme, if they went for us like that we'd stand about as much chance as a snowball in Hell. Well, after the disappearing trick of [our cash](http://www.cash.war.com), was com-

"The only thing left was a tin of grease, and I believe if I had got it out they would have ate that, too," I explained that if they would wait there I would go and fetch some. The chap who spoke English was intelligent enough to grasp my meaning and gave me a knowing wink.

"Then they just got in the lorry and Jerry there said 'Prisonaire' and threw his rifle in the wood. He was the only one that did— though, but they're all starving, and we're taking them back to headquarters ourselves 'cause they are harmless and it might

- men promotion for me." The British were a few steps to the poor side of the line, but their superior fighting abilities, we allowed the driver to proceed on what must have been the most extraordinary journey in his career.
- ## NAVAL BATTLE IN PACIFIC EXPECTED
- The presence of British and German warships off the Uruguayan coast points to the probability of an early engagement between the opposing fleets. The British fleet, which was anxiously sought for by the British ever since the naval battle off the Chilean coast, when Rear Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock was annihilated. The German ships, including the cruiser *Goeben*, were sunk.
- British steamers are being held at Montevideo for orders. The German fleet is reported off the river Plata in British fleet. The river and the naval battle is expected hourly.

DISSENSION BETWEEN

GERMANS AND AUSTRIAN
Continued reports of serious dissen-
sion between the Germans and Austrians
comes from authoritative sources.
After the German flight from Poland,
the Kaiser demanded that the Austrians
throw their whole force into East
Prussia, while the Austrians deman-
ded that Germany make an effort
save Cracow. During the retreat,
it is said, actual fighting took place be-
tween German and Austrian soldiers.

TOWN OF REDCLIFFE

Balance Sheet as at 31st October, 1914

ASSETS.		DEBTENTURE ACCOUNT.		LIABILITIES.	
Cash on hand	617.47			Water works	246,000.00
Cash in bank	440.34	1,057.81		Fire hall and Apparatus	23,000.00
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE—				Street lamps	10,000.00
Taxes prior to 1914	27,618.58			Industrial sites	12,000.00
Taxes, 1914	83,290.89			Cement sidewalks	22,500.00
City of Chicago Rec.	711.28			Pitsh sidewalks	12,000.00
Orders on Wages					
Alta. Iron. Iron Co.	218.16			Less uncol. debentures	392,600.00
F. F. Woodcock	95.46				119,000.00
Surgence (bank)	54.13			Less accrued sinking fund payments	353,600.00
Sundry Persons	197.44				11,972.77
	112,388.69				
INVENTORIES—				ACCOUNTS PAYABLE—	
Stores	9,281.69			Sundry creditors	10,376.28
Tools and implements	981.08			Notes payable	
Office and Furniture	468.72			Bank	20,400.00
	10,727.49			Tradesmen	20,400.52
WORKS AND PROPERTY—					46,809.52
Cement sidewalks	70.04			Redcliff Realty Co.	13,135.66
Track sidewalks	5,064.63			Provincial Government	37.00
Street lines and grades	4,025.47			Taxes overpaid and to be refunded	759.24
Store house	2,020.00			Water deposits	71,156.70
Spru track	403.99				19,972.77
	11,584.13			Accrued debenture interest to Dec. 31	7,643.32
WATER WORKS—				Accrued sinking fund payments to Dec. 31	11,972.77
Old system	50,014.00			Less amount deposited with Prov. Treasurer	3,456.58
Main	59,484.31				8,516.19
Pumps	9,028.92			School District No. 388	24,191.49
Services	5,815.34			SINKING FUND—	
Water tank	12,930.30			Balance 1913 (schedule	23,297.58
Meters	809.41			1913)	48,630.04
	181,083.28			Less discount on debentures	71,927.59
FIRE DEPARTMENT					25,944.99
Hall and Apparatus	7,491.92				46,887.89
STREET LIGHTING					11,972.77
Park lamps, etc.	2,949.01			Add accrued sinking fund	58,860.06
	3,071.21				
Sewers	307.60				
Industrial Sites	79,600.00				
Unexpired insurance	108.45				
	442,195.59				442,195.59

Revenue and Expenditure on Capital Account to the 31st October, 1914

[illegible]

Revenue and Expenditure on Current Account during 10 months ended 31st October, 1914.

EXPENDITURE		REVENUE	
WORKS AND PROPERTY		TAXES	
Repairs to streets	1,304.93	General and abatement	78,922.22
Repairs to plank sidewalks	112.71	School	25,646.42
Repairs to store houses	439.39		
Rest of water tanks, etc.	144.57		
Street cleaning	313.21	Less discount	98,768.34
Town hall	100.00	Interest	2,688.21
Watering expense	622.58	Tax penalties	94,681.13
		Licenses and fines, etc.	3,481.85
STREET LIGHTING		Dog Tax	7,167.00
Repairs to lamps	472.27	Excise	1,191.25
Gas consumed	200.00	Drainage	184.60
General expenses	.76	Sanitary revenue	2,000.15
		Building permits	1,122.08
Dark Maintenance		Sundry revenue	34.00
General expenses	252.73		1.08
Repairs, etc., to equipment	352.61		
Flares	202.72		
Wages	697.97		
General expense	98.99		
	1,401.39		
HEALTH AND RELIEF			
Isolation hospital	9.00		
Wages	880.00		
Sawing	5,490.81		
Sanitation ground expense	204.49		
			110,157.46

Water Department

Revenue and Expenditure on Current Account during 10 months ended 31st October, 1914.

[illegible]

XMAS. CARDS

We have a real dandy assortment of Xmas Booklets and Cards this year. Everything is fresh and new and the very latest designs, ranging from 5c up. See them at

CECIL T. HALL

THE DRUGGIST

When you are going up town meet me at the drug store.

We Invite You

TO COME AND SEE OUR STOCK OF HIGH CLASS GROCERIES.

Clean, Up-to-date

Just arrived, a fine selection of
CHOCOLATES

FRUIT

Oranges, per doz.40c
Apples, per box.\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75
Lemons, per doz.35c
Grapes, Emperor, lb.25c
Cranberries, 2 lbs.25c

VEGETABLES

Sweet Potatoes, 4 lbs.35c
Potatoes, egg-labeled,\$1.20
Cabbage, per lb.10c
Onions, per lb.10c
Turnips, per lb.10c
Parsnips, per lb.10c
Carrots, per lb.10c

SUGAR, per 20 lbs.

\$1.55

FOR SATURDAY ONLY.

For Xmas.

We are getting about 50 Turkeys. Leave your orders in time and do not be disappointed.

Farmers

When getting your government orders don't forget the OLD PIONEER. Kest's will give you a square deal.

We specialize in one line of goods, GROCERIES ONLY, that is why our stock is so complete.

Try us for your next order.

KEATS

THIRD STREET

PHONE 41

FREE DELIVERY.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Comforters at Gibson & Tupper's, will hold a bazaar on Thursday evening, Dec. 10th, from 6 to 8.30 o'clock.

The Medicine Hat girls have organized a hockey club.

Mr. Crumphy, of Calgary, is the guest of Mayor Bott today.

Mrs. T. Irvine, of Bowell, was the guest of Mrs. M. Moffat last week.

See A. J. Nicholson for insurance of all kinds in the best companies.

F. A. White, of the Calgary Herald, is in town today on business for that paper.

It was not because of the lack of "spirit" that the Russians met with slight reverses in Poland.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier celebrated his 73rd birthday last Friday. Sir Wilfrid is now in his 73 years young.

It is now rumored that Sir Thomas Shaughnessy will be the next Canadian high commissioner.

See the China at Gibson & Tupper's. It makes dandy gifts.

Turn out next Friday and vote for the three boys that will be submitted to the voters on that day.

A number from here attended the Pythian Sisters' dance at Medicine Hat last Friday, and report a most enjoyable time.

A. J. Nicholson is a notary public and commissioner of oaths. He can register that transfer for you.

The financial statement of the town for the past year appears in this issue of the Review.

Xmas numbers, with presentation pictures. Call and see them at Blundell's, First street.

Ceph. Guinness, who has been in Calgary for the past few months, returned to Redcliff this week.

Mr. Young, manager of the shoe factory, returned last week from a business trip to Eastern centres.

Don't forget that Gibson & Tupper's take orders for tailor-made clothing. See our samples, they are fine.

From an unusually well informed source it is reported that Wm. Jennings Bryan will retire from the cabinet on or about March 4 next.

Captain Duncan Fred Campbell, D.S.O. of the Black Watch, mentioned in the casualty list, is the Unionist member of parliament for North Ayrshire. He is a Canadian, and was born at Simcoe, Ontario.

NEW GROCERY STORE

We have just received a fresh stock of Groceries, and in future will carry a complete line.

Prices as Low as the Lowest.

We also carry a full line of FLOUR and FEED. VEGETABLES and CONFECTIONERY. We can supply you with vegetables at a very low cost.

MRS. J. C. REID

REID BLOCK

THIRD STREET

The ladies of the Baptist church will hold a bazaar on Thursday evening, Dec. 10th, from 6 to 8.30 o'clock.

When sending money to Europe buy a Dominion Express Foreign cheque. A. J. Nicholson sells them.

Mr. R. M. Stone, of Rapid City, Manitoba, who is returning from a visit to the coast, is the guest of his uncle, Ed. L. Stone, for a few days this week.

There will be a meeting held in the school next Monday for the purpose of arranging the night classes. All intending to join should be on hand as this will be the last chance.

Fancy Ribbons for fancy work bags selling at big reduction at Miss Levey's Millinery Parlor.

Joe Martin, who in his palmy days in Canada was known as "Fighting Joe," has decided to run for mayor of Vancouver. If Joe has lost none of his old time fighting strain he should make things lively in the coast town.

A. J. Nicholson sells steamship tickets of all lines. See him before booking your passage to Europe.

Keep in mind the annual ratepayers' meeting in the Empress theatre next Monday night. Both the council and trustees will give an account of their stewardship.

The Sunday School of the Baptist church will hold its entertainment on Christmas night instead of Christmas Eve. The programme will be printed later.

Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Kohler and two sons, who arrived here a week ago last Sunday from Minneapolis, left for Vancouver last Wednesday noon, where they expect to spend a couple of weeks, after which they will go to Los Angeles, Cal., to spend the winter.

All old country Christmas mail must leave Redcliff on or before Dec. 3rd. Those sending letters or parcels home for that occasion should make note of this.

See the fine display of Lowrey's quality candies at Blundell's. Big new shipment just received. Get your Xmas Chocolates at Blundell's, First street.

Mr. Wolfelt, manager of the motor truck factory, returned to town last week after a visit to his home in Minneapolis.

Bargains in Millinery—20 Trimmed Hats to be almost given away. Call early and get a good choice. Miss Levey's Parlor.

A shooting match for turkeys was held in town last Tuesday. There was a great crowd in attendance, but the wind was too strong for good shooting.

The A. & Grace Corset, front lace, at Gibson & Tupper's.

S. Malhotra, of Mitchell, Ont., spent a few days in town this week visiting his brother, R. Malhotra. He brought five car loads of apples, and disposed of them in Saskatoon.

At New Westminster, B.C., last Saturday, Ragnal, a Hindu, was sentenced to death for killing a fellow countryman. The case is of special interest here, as Ragnal was employed last fall by W. J. Hall on his farm near and was treated here about three years after the crime by the medical police—Carleton Place.

Fred Pearson, who has been night clerk at the Redcliff hotel for the past year and a half, has volunteered and been accepted as a cavalry man for the next contingent. He leaves for the Hat today to start drilling.

Farmers coming to town to get their relief orders tell us that they can buy their groceries and provisions much cheaper in Redcliff than in any of the surrounding towns. Some farmers are continuing as far as fifty miles to deal here.

At the Conservative convention held in Medicine Hat yesterday, Mayor Bott was nominated as a candidate for this constituency at the next general federal election. Mr. Bott declined the nomination.

Keep in mind the bazaar and sale of home-made, cooking in the Presbyterian church on Friday, Dec. 4th. This will be a good opportunity to get Christmas presents and cooking cheap.

We have been asked by several business men why the post office is not left open for an hour or so on Sunday, so that those who have lock boxes could get Saturday night's mail. This would be contrary to the postal act, as the Social and Moral Reform Association had legislation to that effect passed some time ago.

One of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Duffin's little twin girls swallowed a pin last week, and for a time caused her parents great anxiety. The pin, however, was removed without causing any serious trouble.

The women of Southern Alberta are raising a fund with which to purchase a motor ambulance to be used at the front for the wounded soldiers. The idea is to have 7,000 women each contribute 25 cents. If women of this city are working for this fund they should use their influence in having this motor truck purchased in Redcliff.

The two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Cable met with a very painful accident on the night of this week. When the rest of the family were in bed the little fellow pulled a pot of cocoa over himself, badly scalding his face and hands. The wounds are healing up nicely now, however, and it is not expected to leave a scar.

The members of the White Rose degree of the Sons of England have generously made a gift of a Union Jack flag to the new English church. It will be formally hoisted and unfurled by the president of the S.O.E., attended by the members of the lodge before the opening of the church by the Bishop of Qu'Appelle, at 7 p.m. on Thursday, Dec. 3rd.

German Retreating

Before the Russians

On the battle front between the Vitula and the Warta, the Germans have commenced to retreat after ten days of stubborn fighting, in which they pushed forward more than half way from the frontier to Warsaw.

The line of their retirement extends from the upper reaches of the Warta toward the Southeast as far as Sieradz. The entire movement of the Germans both in their advance and in the retirement which has now begun, has been entirely in accordance with the Russian plan of campaign.

EXTRA!

EXTRA!

READ THIS ADVERTISEMENT FOR THE GREATEST REDUCTIONS IN GROCERY PRICES EVER KNOWN.

Going Out of Business

One of the wholesale houses is selling. We bought some great bargains from them, among others regular 90c Jams. We sell these

150 pails Strawberry Jam at per 5 lb. pail 65c

This week we have another shipment. It may be the last, of small

Smoked Hams at per pound 18c

Your pie expense will be cut in two if you try a few of these.

36 gal cans Rhubarb at per can 25c

The army uses a great amount of beans, therefore beans are very high, but we bought 50 bushel before the advance, and for that reason can sell you.

Ontario Pea Beans 4 lbs. for 25c

When every one knows it, and is sure not to forget it, then we will stop advertising that we sell

Evaporated Milk 11 cans for \$1.00

We make no apology for these, "The Big Four" that bring the business:

Potatoes, per bushel \$1.10
Three Stars Flour \$3.45
Apples, per box \$1.20
Compound Lard, lb. .10

NORTHWEST GROCERY

PHONE 70 PHONE 70

How About Your Winter Suit?

We have now on hand a complete line of all the latest styles of Fall and Winter Suits and Overcoats. Call and leave your measure. Fit and finish guaranteed.

Cleaning and Repairing done on short notice.

J. W. JARDINE

NEXT POST OFFICE

The CITY Meat Market

Is the place to go for all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats, Fish, etc.

FRESH VEGETABLES always on hand.

Call around and order your Sunday's Dinner.

MRS. LYNCH.

Wedding Presents

SIMON, THE JEWELER,

First Street.

Is headquarter.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

A. SYMON

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweller,

Engraver and Optician.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

GROCERIES

Canned Corn10c
Canned Peas10c
Canned Beans10c
Gal. Rhubarb60c
Gal. Apples60c
Gal. Blueberries60c
Gal. Peaches60c
Tomatoes15c
Honey15c
Sourknot15c
Pumpkin, 2 for25c
Macaroni, 1 lb.75c
Raspberries20c
Strawberries20c
Pears20c
Peaches20c
Cherries20c

GROCERIES

Corstarch, 2 for25c
Currants, 2 lb. package25c
Currants, bulk10c
Raisins, pkg.10c
Raisins, bulk10c
Dates, pkg.10c
Coffee, Red Brand25c
Old Dutch25c
Bulk25c
Robin Hood Oats25c
Robin Hood Oats, box25c
Cornflakes, 3 for25c
White Beans, 4 lb.25c
Barley, 5 lb.25c
Washing Powder, 2 for25c
Blue Ribbon Tea25c

20

per cent. discount on Geo. A. Slater Shoes, and made by W. B. Hamilton.

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PHONE 36

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GROCERIES

Big Ribbon Tea, 3 lb.75c
Salads25c
Green Tea25c
Lard, 5 lb.25c
Lard, 5 lb.25c
Swift's White Soap, 7 for25c
Terry Soap, 2 for25c
Fairy Soap, 2 for25c
Glycerin Soap, 6 for25c
Milk, St. Charles, large hotel size, 8 for\$1.00

We carry a large stock of groceries purchased from a large reliable wholesale house. We handle the best, cleanest, and lowest priced goods in Southern Alberta.

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Ready-to-wear

Black and White Check Skirt.
Black Serge Skirt.
Navy Blue Serge Skirt.
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Black Serge House Dresses.
Blue Serge House Dresses.
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Blue Serge Suits.
Winter Coats—Blue, Brown, Check, Stripes.

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Broadway Department Store Lon Barber